

Decommissioning in Switzerland



ARRAD - ENSI Lausanne, November 10, 2017

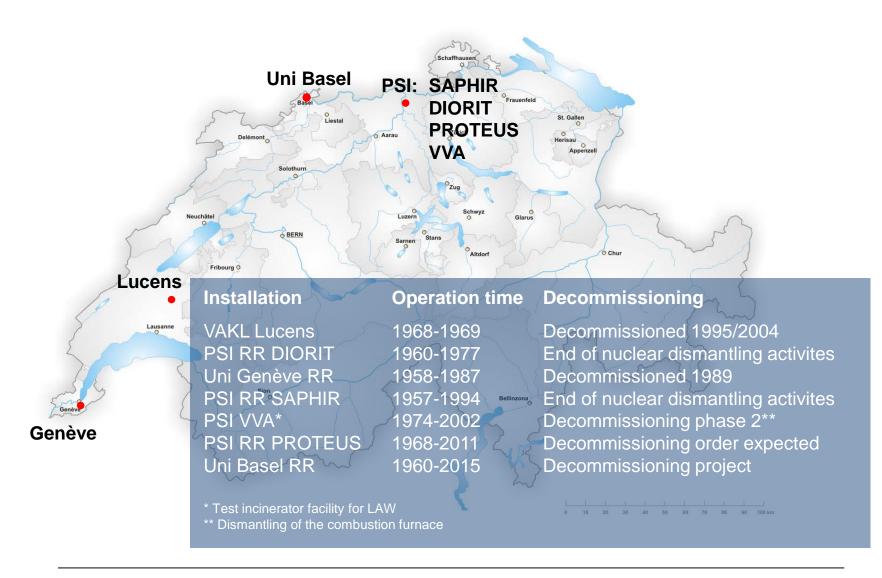
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Decommissioning Experience







Key players in decommissioning

Owner: appo Alpiq BKW & Research Institutes

Responsible for the safety during whole lifetime

DETEC: Department of the Environment, Transport, Energy and Communications

(Energy policy & licencing authority, decommissioning licence)

SFOE: Swiss Federal Office of Energy (Process leading authority)

ENSI: Swiss Federal Nuclear Safety Inspectorate

(Safety / Security supervising authority, Safety reports and approvals)

NSC: Federal Nuclear Safety Commission (Second opinion experts)

FOEN: Federal Office for the Environment (Environmental audit)

and Cantonal Environmental Protection Agencies

SUVA: Conventional occupational health and safety

Nagra: National Cooperative for the Disposal of Radioactive Waste

Public: Residents, associations





Lifetime supervision







Legal basis

Federal Constitution

Law

- Nuclear Energy Act
- Radiation Protection Act

Ordinance

- Nuclear Energy Ordinance
- Radiation Protection Ordinance
- Decommissioning and Disposal Fund Regulation Ordinance

Guidelines from ENSI

- Currently there are 47 guidelines from ENSI
- Including the Decommissioning Guideline ENSI-G17





Definitions

Decommissioning (Message to the Nuclear Energy Act)

The decommissioning of a nuclear installation includes:

 all activities that are required in order to reuse the site for other purposes.

The site will no longer be:

- a radiological hazard
- a subject to nuclear energy legislation.

Dismantling (Nuclear Energy Order & Guideline ENSI-G17)

- Includes: disassembling, decontamination and demolition
- Dismantling starts when the decommissioning order becomes legally effective and ends when the nuclear installation is no longer subject to nuclear energy legislation.





Decommissioning process (NEA)

Owner: Decommissioning obligation (after final shutdown)

Owner: Decommissioning project

- Includes a phase concept specified by the owner
- Describes the dismantling strategy by concept

ENSI: Expert report (with requirements)

DETEC: Decommissioning license (order)

- Replaces the operating license
- May be legally binding at the time after final shutdown
- Regulates ENSI's requirements (Expert report)
- Regulates ENSI's approvals (phases and working steps)

DETEC: Release from NEA





Content of the decommissioning project (NEO)

- Phase concept
- Dismantling and demolition concept
- Safety concept
- Security concept
- Radiation protection concept
- Waste separation and disposal concept
- Emergency concept
- Personnel and organisation concept
- Quality management concept
- Environmental impact concept





Content of the Decommissioning License (NEO):

- Scope of decommissioning activities
- The various decommissioning phases
- Limits for the discharge of radioactive substances into the environment
- Monitoring of immissions of radioactive substances and of direct radiation
- Organisation



Definition of approvals (NEO)

The **Decommissioning Licence** has to define an approval especially for the following activities:

- Procedure for the clearance measurement of resulting materials
- Conditioning of resulting radioactive waste
- Demolition of buildings after their decontamination and clearance measurement
- Non-nuclear use of installations after completion of the decommissioning process
- Repeal of security measures
- Disassembly of the reactor vessel and its surrounding building elements





Guideline ENSI-G17

"Decommissioning of nuclear installations"

Requirements for decommissioning:

Specifies the requirements from NEO

Requirements for the application documents:

- Decommissioning project
- Post-shutdown period
- Decommissioning phases
- Final report







Guideline ENSI-G17

"Decommissioning of nuclear installations"

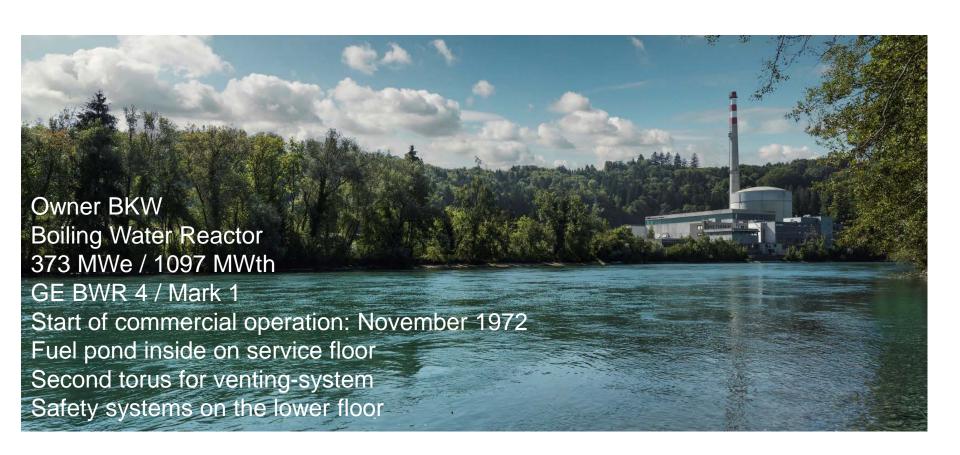
Important aspects:

- Subdivision into phases by owners
- Approval for phases and working steps by ENSI
- Removal of nuclear fuel as soon as possible to another nuclear installation (no binding to post-shutdown operation)
- Decommissioning is possible with nuclear fuel on site
- Safe storage is considered as a phase of the decommissioning project





Decommissioning of Mühleberg NPP





Timetable of the preparation process

12/2015	Submission of BKW application letter and decommissioning project
01/2016 - 09/2017	 Completeness check by authorities SFOE/ENSI/FOEN Revision by BKW Public hearing (Possibility of objection) Safety assessment and expert report by ENSI (Statement of NSC) Statements from cantons and federal authorities (FOEN)
10/2017	 Exchange of involved authorities
06/2018	Decommissioning order (licence) from DETEC
2018	■ Complaint/litigation (Federal Administrative Court, Federal Court)



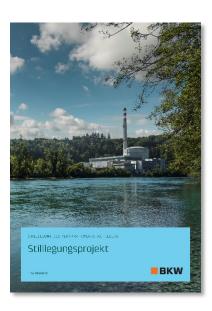


Decommissioning project

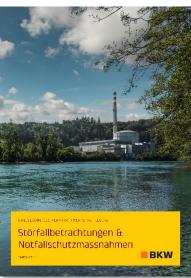
Application letter



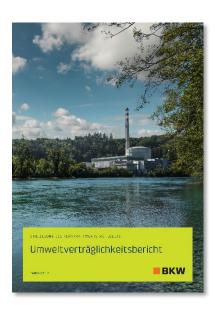
Decommissioning Project (Main report)



Accident analysis & emergency preparedness measures (Part 1)



Environmental impact report (Part 2)



Security measures (Part 3)







Nine requests in the application letter

Application letter

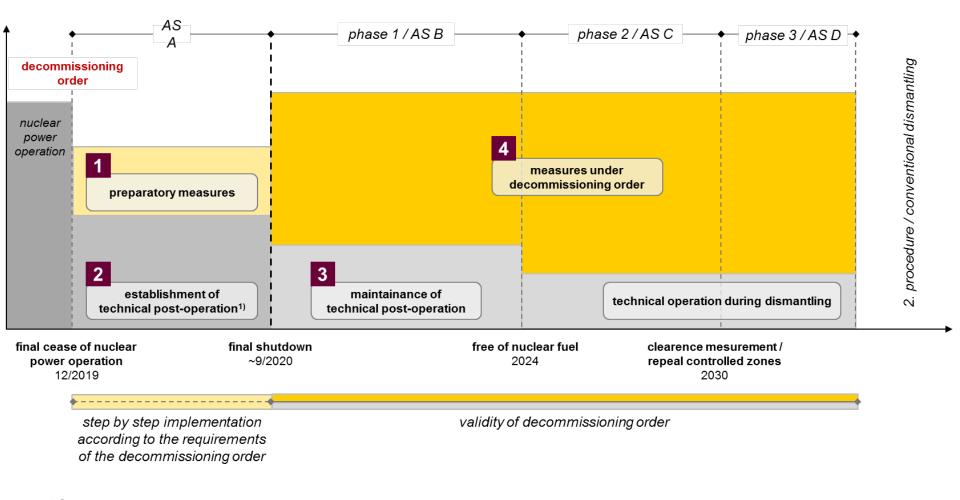


- Decommissioning order for direct dismantling according to the submitted decommissioning project
- 2. Limitation of the **scope** of the decommissioning activities according to the submitted decommissioning project
- 3. Dividing of the decommissioning activities into three decommissioning phases
- 4. Release of BKW from the liability to guarantee nuclear safety and security and termination of supervision by the competent authorities after completion of the radiological clearance measurements
- 5. Implementation of "Preparatory Measures" after final cease of operation
- 6. Definition of **limits for radioactive discharges**
- Definition of the organisational structure according to the submitted decommissioning project
- 8. Issuance of the required **approvals** by ENSI for the decommissioning phases as well as the activities defined in Art. 47, Nuclear Energy Ordinance
- 9. Definition of provisions for the **withdrawal and return of cooling water** from and to the Aare





Decommissioning phases



AS: status

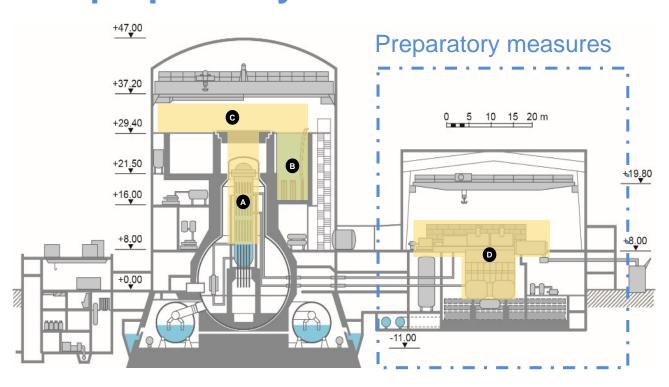
- 1) based on supervisory process with ENSI
- 2) final assessment report ENSI

source: BKW





Establishment of technical post-operation and preparatory measures



A: Unload the reactor pressure vessel (transfer of spent fuel to the spent fuel pool)

B: Installation of the safety grade spent fuel pool cooling system

C: Removal of mobile equipment in the reactor building at +29m

D: Removal of components in the turbine hall and Installation of the material treatment facilities





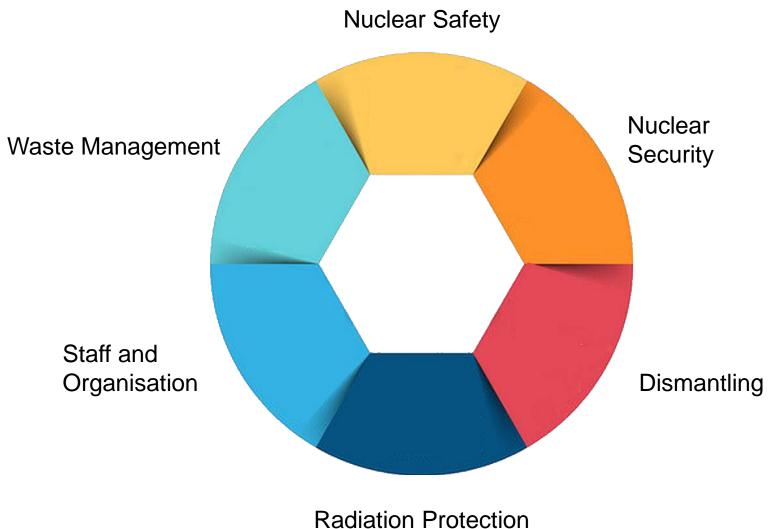
Requirements for phases

- Preparatory Measures need an approval. They can be carried out from the date of the final cease of operation under the existing operating license.
- **Decommissioning phases 1 to 3** need an approval. The documents to be submitted for the approval (phases 1 and 2) are based on chapter 5.5 of the guidance ENSI-G17.





Inspection fields for the decommissioning





Nuclear Safety

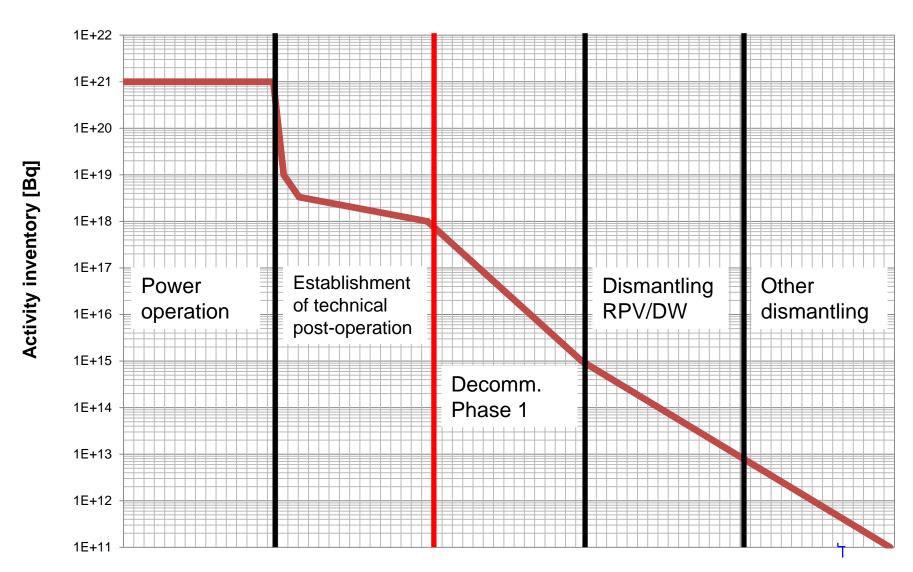


- Compliance of protection goals
- Safety related systems & equipment
- Classification, Tech. Spez., maintenance
- Fire protection- & emergency exit concept
- Safety analysis
- Emergency management





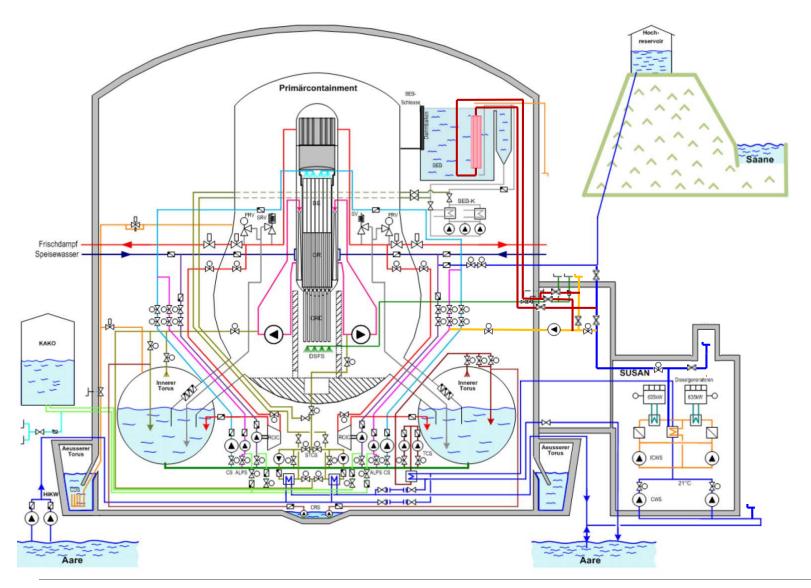
Hazard potential







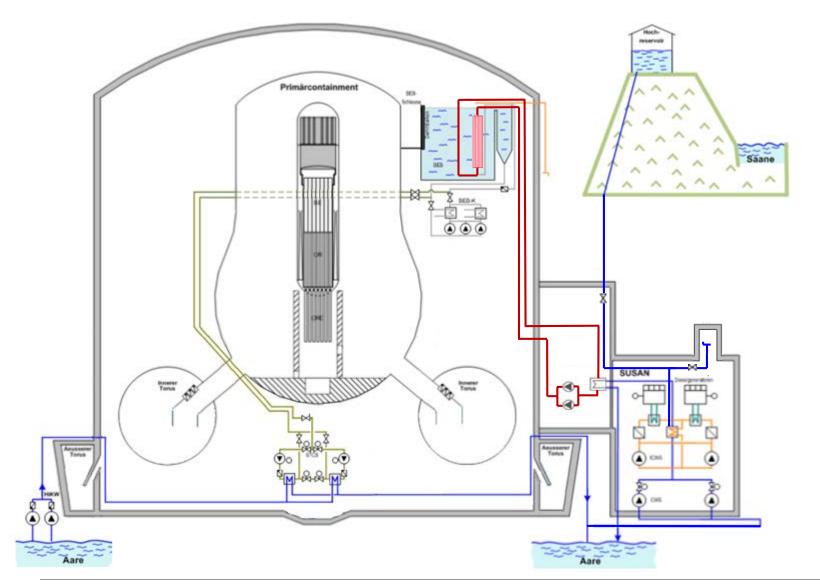
Coolant systems in operation







Coolant systems in technical post-operation





Nuclear safety requirements

- Safety related Structurs, Systems and Components (SSC) necessary for post operation need a Safety Classification.
- Safety Classified SSC modifications need an approval.
- Technical Specifications need an approval.
- The Maintenance Program for safty classified SSC has to be submitted.
- Detailed Safety Analyses for phase 1 have to be submitted.
- Emergency Regulations need an approval for every phase.



Nuclear Security



- Nuclear security concept
- Classification of security relevant informations
- Personnel requirement und organisation of the security guard
- Personell security check



Nuclear security requirements

Specifications for nuclear security need an approval.



Dismantling

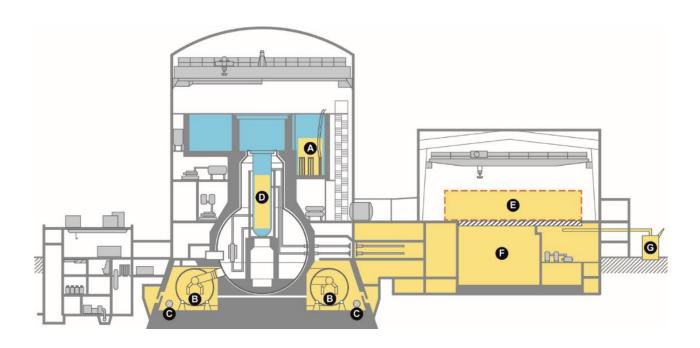


- New Process «taking out of service» and «dismantling»
- Complex actions (dismantling Reactor Presure Vessel etc.)
- Retroactive effects of changes, taking out of service and dismantling
- Material treatment equipment (dismantling & decontamination)
- Conversion of buildings





Dismantling strategy phase 1



- A Removal of spent fuel from the site
- **B** Disassembly of the torus incl. linked systems
- **C** Disassembly of emergency core cooling system / systems for decay heat removal
- D Disassembly of reactor internals

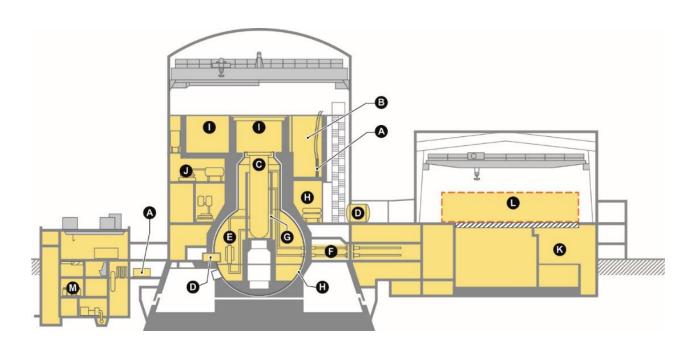
- E Installation of material treatment equipment
- **F** Disassembly of remaining systems and initiation of decontamination of facilities and buildings
- **G** Disassembly of block transformer A1

Source: BKW





Dismantling strategy phase 2



Source: BKW

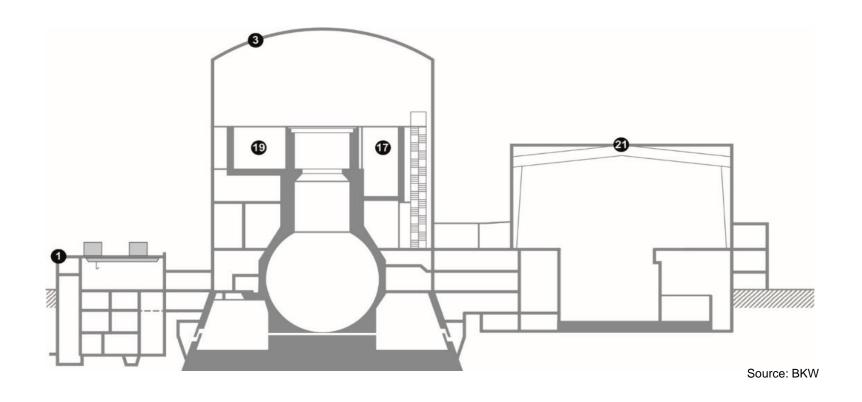
- A Disassembly of spent fuel pool cooling systems
- B Disassembly of pool internals
- C Disassembly of reactor pressure vessel (RPV)
- D Removal of personnel and material airlocks
- E Disassembly of **drywell components**
- F Disassembly of steam pipes and feed water pipes
- G Disassembly of upper part of the biological shield
- H Disassembly of drywell steel liner

- I Disassembly of steam dryer and moisture separator storage pool liner and RPV cavity
- J Disassembly of all remaining systems, e.g. reactor water clean up system
- Decontamination of facilities and buildings
- L Operation of material treatment equipment
- M Disassembly of systems in the SUSAN-building





Final state after nuclear dismantling



- 1 SUSAN-building
- 3 Reactor building (Secondary containment)
- 17 Spent fuel pool

- 19 Steam dryer and moisture separator storage pool
- 21 Turbine hall



Dismantling requirements

Approvals are necessary for:

- Process Taking out of Service
- Process Dismantling
- Constructional measures to avoid retroactive effects on classified SSC
- Built-in material treatment and system decontamination equipment
- Demolition or conversion of buildings
- Dismantling of core internals, reactor pressure vessel, drywell and biological shield



Radiation Protection



- Radiation and incorporation protection, monitoring concept
- Monitoring of immissions of radioactive substances and of direct radiation
- Dose estimation of personnel
- Discharge of radioactive substances into the environment and limits
- Radiation exposure
- Radiation measuring technique





Radiation protection requirements

Modification of limits for radioactive discharges into the environment

	Power Operation		Deccommissioning phase 1		Deccommissioning phase 2			
	KAL	JAL	KAL	JAL	KAL	JAL		
chimney air								
noble gas	2E14 Bq/d	2E15 Bq/a	4E11 Bq/d	4E12 Bq/a				
lod-131	4E9 Bq/w	2E10 Bq/a						
aerosole	2E9 Bq/w	2E10 Bq/a	2E9 Bq/w	2E10 Bq/a	2E9 Bq/w	2E10 Bq/a		
waste water								
Tritium	-	2E13 Bq/a	-	2E12 Bq/a	-	2E12 Bq/a		
water	200 LE	4E11 Bq/a	-	4E10 Bq/a	-	4E10 Bq/a		



Radiation protection requirements

- Target value for liquid radioactive discharge is 1 GBq/a (no Tritium)
- Monitoring of immissions of radioactive substances and of direct radiation are allowed according to the:

Regulations for the discharge of radioactive substances and the monitoring of radioactivity and of direct radiation.



Staff and organisation



- Organisation and resposibilities
- Personnel resources & qualification
- Safety culture
- Quality management
- Documentation



Staff and organisation requirements

- Organisation and responsabilities have to be arraged in a way that the safe execution and control of decommissioning is guaranteed.
- Site Regulations needs an approval.
- The Concept for Personnel Training and Education needs an approval.
- The superior Program for Human and Organizational Factors has to be submited.



Waste management

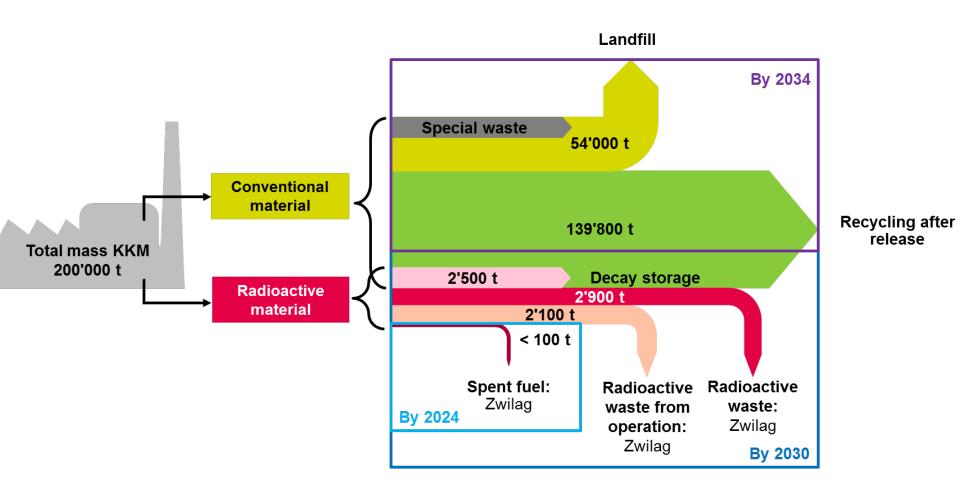


- Masses and flow of material
- Seperation and assignement of radioactive waste
- Intern und extern transport-logistics
- Clearence measurement of material and areas
- Decay storage





Flow dismantled materials



Source: BKW





Decay storage

The legal specifications for decay storages are under modification.



No subject of the ENSI decommissioning report

The applications for planed decay storages have to be submitted to the responsible authority.

The measurement procedure (for the decision if materials underly decay storaging) needs an approval.



Waste management requirements

- The procedure for the «clearence measurement» of materials needs an approval.
- The assignment of the expected quantities of waste to the types of casks has to be provided.
- The conditioning treatment of radioactive waste needs an approval.





Conclusions

- Legal framework for decommissioning is up-to-date
- Experience in decommissioning from several decommissioning projects
- Decommissioning Project for NPP Mühleberg submitted in 12/2015
- The ENSI expert report with 35 requirements was finished in 08/2017
- Decommissioning order (licence) from DETEC is expected in 06/2018

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